**UNIT 8: LIFE IN THE FUTURE**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **I.** | **Choose the word whose vowel sound is different from that of the provide one.** | | | | |
| 1. | life | wipe | Chinese | micro | Jupiter |
| 2. | sort | worse | chore | launch | thought |
| 3. | ahead | breath | threat | disease | fresh |
| 4. | good | could | food | pull | foot |
| 5. | out | bound | found | now | ought |
| 6. | thank | space | hand | happen | travel |
| 7. | power | own | our | crowd | count |
| 8. | speed | peace | scene | few | piece |
| 9. | straight | great | air | take | aim |
| 10. achieve | | peace | receive | street | science |

##### Answer these questions, using the words from the box.

|  |
| --- |
| Citizen astronaut tourist pessimist politician terrorist scientist optimist environmentalist centenarian |

##### What do you call a person who...

* + 1. thinks that the worst thing will happen in every situation?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2. | uses violence in order to achieve political aims? |  |
| 3. | is 100 years old or older? |  |
| 4. | tends to expect that good things will happen? |  |
| 5. | travels and works in space? |  |
| 6. | wants to protect the environment? |  |
| 7. | is traveling or visiting a place for pleasure? |  |
| 8. | studies one or more of the natural science? |  |
| 9. | has the legal right to belong to a particular country? |  |
| 10. | has a job in politics, esp. a member of the government? |  |

##### Complete each of the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets.

* + 1. Inflation will never be completely from the economy. (eradicate)
    2. Public cooperation is vital in the fight against .(terrorize)
    3. He is now so weak the doctors are about his chances of making a full recovery. (pessimist)
    4. The government expressed about the success of the negotiations. (optimist)
    5. Many people lost their jobs in the great of the 1930s. (depress)
    6. Life varies according to country and gender. (expect)
    7. Will the universe continue to expand ? (eternal)
    8. The inspectors were impressed by the speed and of the new system. (efficient)
    9. He made a very positive to the success of the project. (contribute)
    10. This enables computers to read handwriting. (technique)
    11. She died of a heart attack at the age of only forty-six. (expect)
    12. Higher taxes on gas encourage people to on fuel. (economy)
    13. The young generations are becoming more and more their outlook. (material)

##### Fill in each blank with one appropriate preposition.

Ask most people what is happening (1) the world’s population and they are likely to say it is exploding. Ask them if there will be enough food next century and they will say no. Ask them (2) the world’s energy supplies and they will say they are running (3) and we will all be sitting in the dark and cold next century. Ask them what they think (4) raw materials and they will say we are using them up

(5) a rate that will mean there are none left (6) our grandchildren.

These statements have two things (7) common. They are too gloomy, if not about this century then the next. And they are all wrong. Or so it is persuasively argued (8)

a book that tries to chart our future over the next quarter century. Most of the attention the book has received so far has concentrated (9) its forecasts for Britain

and the prospect (10) five million unemployed.

##### Fill in each blank with the correct preposition of *time* or *place.*

* + 1. The train will be leave a few minutes.
    2. Fruit trees generally bloom April or May.
    3. Our house is the woods, the river and the village.
    4. I worked for that company three years, 2005 2008.
    5. The President lives the White House, which is located 1600. Pennsylvania Avenue Washington, D. C.
    6. Mozart died Vietnam 1791 the age of 35.
    7. I saw several people I know at the barbecue Saturday afternoon.
    8. People usually give each other presents and cards Christmas.
    9. She has been off work Tuesday.
    10. Lisa’s birthday is the end of March, March 29.
    11. My office is the Administration' Buildingthe third floor.
    12. Did you hear that news television or read it the newspaper?
    13. Videophones are not practical present, but they may be the near future.
    14. Neil Armstrong was the first man to walk the moon 21 July 1969.
    15. We arrived Paris around noon, but we didn’t arrive our friend’s house until well after three.

##### Put in the missing preposition.

* + 1. I started to feel afraid going out alone at night.
    2. The children are excited their upcoming trip to the countryside.
    3. I am not interested anything that happened the very remote past.
    4. These days everybody is aware the dangers of smoking.
    5. The children are very fond swimming.
    6. I’m sorry being late on Monday.
    7. I’m not exactly keen cooking, but I prefer it washing up.
    8. Your composition is full mistakes. Write it again.
    9. Many people are very concerned global warming.
    10. Mark Twain is famous his novels about life on Mississipi River.
    11. I think it’s important to become familiar cultures and customs different your own.
    12. It is good to be pleased ourselves and proud ourselves when we have done a good job.
    13. I’m getting on all right at school except English. I’m quite bad it.
    14. Too much sun isn’t good you. It is bad your skin.
    15. Even when parents no longer live together, they eachcontinue to be responsible their children.
    16. I’m not accustomed drinking coffee. I’m a tea drinker.
    17. She is a very honest person. I don’t think she is capable telling a lie.
    18. She’d got fed up waiting and went home.
    19. I’ve been trying to learn Spanish, but I’m not very satisfied my progress.
    20. Why are you always so rude Liz? Can’t you be nice her?

##### Choose the appropriate prepositions.

* + 1. He agreed *on* / *with* them *about* / *for* the need for change.
    2. They succeeded *in / on* escaping *from / of* the burning house.
    3. I object *for* / *to* being kept waiting. Why can’t you be *in / on* time?
    4. I congratulated her *at / on* passing her final exam.
    5. They accused me *in / of* borrowing the car without asking.
    6. I must write and thank my aunt *for / about* sending me a wonderful present.
    7. If you can’t depend *in / on* your family to help you in times of trouble, who can you rely

*on / to?*

* + 1. I apologized *to / with* my boss *about / for* my mistake.
    2. It’s important to believe *at / in* yourself.
    3. Is she married *to / with* the man she loves?
    4. We complained *with* / *to* the manager of the restaurant *about* / *for* the food.
    5. Scientists have warned us *on / about* the effects of global warming.
    6. My friend insisted *in / on* taking me to the airport.
    7. I complimented her *for / on* her English. She spoke very fluently and her pronunciation was excellent.
    8. The hotel provides you *with / for* everything except a toothbrush.
  1. **Put *a/ an, the* or *zero article (-)* in the spaces. Give all possible answers.**

1. Last night we had terrible storm. Our children were frightened by

thunder.

1. Frank Lloyd Wright is name of famous architect. He is architect who designed Guggenheim Museum in New York
2. happiness of the majority depends on hard work from everyone.
3. It was day that would remain in my memory forever.
4. music plays an important part in film. And I thought music used in this film was best part.
5. washing machine has had a huge impact on people’s lives since it was invented.
6. special award was given to novelist Ian Mc Murphy.
7. It is sad fact that money buys political power in many countries.
8. Do you remember Wilmotts ? They used to live opposite us.
9. bicycle is important means of transport for many people with

no access to public transport.

1. earthquake in south of the country has left thousands homeless.
2. I don’t usually have breakfast, but I always eat big lunch.
3. World Wide Fund for Nature organized a major campaign to save tiger.
4. We met our good friend Jean Wools when we were in Plymouth.
5. Margaret loved having holidays at seaside, but her doctor advised her to spend time in warm climate.
6. He found himself face to face with Lieutenant Evans.
7. She was first woman to cross Atlantic in canoe.
8. After she had leisurely dinner downstairs Julia played piano for while.
9. They are at sea now. They write that they are having marvelous time.
10. When he was in hospital she could not get permission to visit him.

##### Insert a/ an, the or no article (-).

* 1. world wildlife is in (2) danger. (3) reasons are complex (4)

world’s population is expanding, and the increasingly (5) man is

destroying more and more of (6) natural environment. (7) last dodo in (8)

world died on (9) island of Mauritius in (10) late seventeenth century. Today, (11) black rhino in Kenya could go (12) same way. There is

(13) world-wide trade - much of it illegal - in (14) animals and birds. (15)

particular favorite, and one severely threatened with (16) extinction

through smuggling is (17) orang-utan, which only survives in (18) forests of Borneo and Sumatra. (19) fierce argument is now raging about how to protect (20) most endangered species. Some people argue that (21)

zoos, with their research work and breeding programmes, offer (22) best

hope, and (23) protection from international smugglers. But some of (24) older zoos have (25) disadvantage of (26) cramped city conditions, though

(27) zoo with (28) wide open spaces like Whipsnade Zoo in (29)

Bedfordshire countryside north of London is seen as offering (30) pleasant habitat.

**TEST 1**

##### PRONUNCIATION

**Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.**

1. a breath b. threaten c. healthy d. great
2. a. labour b. bound c. how d. without
3. a. methane b. breathing c. threaten d. anything
4. a. link b. fit c. wipe d. system
5. a. travelled b. designed c. forced d. achieved

##### LANGUAGE FOCUS

1. **Choose the one word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best completes the sentences or substitutes for the underlined word.**
2. He remains deeply pessimistic the peace process.
   1. in b. on c. to d. about
3. Parental involvement contributes significantly
   1. on b. to c. for d. in
4. During the crisis, many companies will be wiped will be lost.
   1. out b. off c. down d. away
5. In the great of the 1930s, many businesses and banks failed and millions of people lost their jobs.
   1. development b. boom c. depression d. reformation
6. I’ve always had a fairly outlook on life.
   1. optimist b. optimistic c. optimism d. optimized
7. At the height of the financial crisis, all they could do was to their expenses and hope that things would improve.
   1. stop off b. cut down c. run on d. go over
8. During the recession, many small companies were eradicated,
   1. run on b. taken over c. wiped out d. set up
9. It's incredible how much Tom has changed since he met Sally.
   1. unbelievable b. difficult c. disappointed d. imaginable
10. The bomb attacks have been attributed to a group of international .
    1. terrorism b. terrorist c. terrorists d. terrorization
11. Unemployment directly to homelessness.
    1. attributes b. creates c. provides d. contributes

##### Choose the one word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best completes the sentences.

1. The invention of is normally attributed to the German engineer

Gottlieb Daimler.

* 1. car b. a car c. the car d. an car

1. is one of the many factors involved in changing farming methods.
   1. A climate b. Climate c. Climates d. The climates
2. They searched the whole house by .
   1. a room – a room b. room - room
   2. rooms – rooms d. the room – the room
3. Using the new software, parents will be able to monitor their children’s use of

Internet.

* 1. 0 - the b. the - 0 c. 0 - 0 d. the - the

1. is there to give you pleasure, not to be a constant worry.
   1. A garden b. Garden c. The garden d. Gardens
2. We haven’t got left. We must have some when we go shopping.
   1. a butter b. any butter c. the butter d. some butter
3. If you want to get a degree, you normally have to study at .
   1. university b. a university c. an university d. the university
4. I didn’t have time for breakfast this morning because I was in \_hurry.
   1. 0 - a b. a - the c. the - a d. 0 - 0
5. I was surprised the readiness with which she agreed my suggestion.
   1. to - with b. at - to c. for - to d. at - of
6. Personally, I don’t agree fox hunting, although I know that you approve it.
   1. to - for b. on - in c. with - of d. to - of
7. Babara turned the TV because she was tired listening to the news.
   1. down - for b. off - of c. up - with d. off - in
8. There is a severe lack affordable housing in the city and many people are homeless.
   1. of b. on c. for d. in
9. Our children are very polite adults, but they argue their playmates all the time.
   1. to - for b. of - to c. with – with d. to - with
10. Jack takes great pride never throwing anything . He always says that one day he’ll find a use for things.
    1. on - out b. of - away c. in - away d. at - off
11. Please let me borrow your car. I promise I’ll take good care it.
    1. on b. of c. for d. with

##### Identify the one underlined word or phrase - A, B, C or D - that must be changed for the sentence to be correct.

1. Although Debbie said she would think about it, she never had the slightest A B C

intention to accept my suggestion.

D

1. John Diefenbaker, Prime Minister of Canada during 1957 to 1963, is given

A B

much of the credit for the adoption of the Canadian Bill of Rights.

C D

1. They will be taking part the discussions, along with many other organizations.

A B C D

1. Please look after my things while I am to the doctor’s examing room.

A B C D

1. Marion was pleased with a work the children had done on their own.

A B C D

##### READING

1. **Fill in each blank with one appropriate word from the box.**

|  |
| --- |
| material operate airlines buildings advantage designs existing capable |

What will the aeroplane of the future look like? An increasing number of journey are being made by air, and the (36) are therefore demanding a new kind of plane to help them cope with increasing passenger numbers. One of the revolutionary new (37)

being developed is a “flying wing”, which is short but very wide, in contrast to most planes, which are long and narrow.

It will be (38) of carrying 600-8000 passengers. It will be built of an extremely light (39) , and together with the unusual design, this will improve performance. The new aeroplane will be quieter and more comfortable than (40) planes. It will also cost less to (41) , and will therefore help to keep fares at affordable levels.

An additional (42) of this plane is that no new runways or terminal (43)

will have to be built for it, because it is being designed in such a way that it can use existing ones.

##### Read the passage carefully, decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F), and then answer the questions.

Some day people will certainly try to build settlements on the moon. The best place for houses in a moon town will be a cave or a tunnel. Underground houses will not be squashed by meteorites that constantly foil on the moon from outer space. This will be important on the moon, since daytime is so hot that food could be cooked in the rocks, and the nights get bitterly cold.

Pioneer moon homes may be made of airtight plastic that can be blown up like a balloon inside the cave. The reason for tins is that the moon has no air around it. The pioneers will have to take along from the earth the oxygen masks when they are away from home. But the balloon house itself will be filled with air. Perhaps the house will have beds, tables and chairs, built into it. These can be inflated, too. So people will sleep, eat and work on air! Moon- house building will be easy. The moon’s gravity is less than the earth’s. Everything weighs only one-sixth as much as it does on the earth.

##### True or false?

1. The temperature on the moon is stable during the day and night.
2. The people on the moon will have to wear oxygen masks when they leave their home.
3. There is no air on the moon.
4. If a stone weights 18 tons on the earth, it weighs only three tons on the moon.
5. Houses cannot be built on the moon because of the weak gravity.

##### Answer the questions.

1. What is the best place for -house in a moon town?
2. What may the moon homes be made of?
3. Why will the pioneers have to take along from the earth the oxygen they need for breathing?
4. Can people build cities on the moon?

##### SPEAKING

1. “Could you pick me up before 3 o’clock?” I’m still at work then.”
   1. I expect so b. I suppose not c. I’m afraid not d. Yes I could
2. “Will the match take place in this weather?” “ In fact, I’m sure it won’t.”
   1. I think so b. I don’t think so c. I guess so d. I hope not
3. “I’ve got 600 on the TOEFL test” “ !"
   1. Well done b. Good way c. Good luck d. With pleasure
4. “Your new dress looks gorgeous!” “ .”
   1. You’re so kind ' b. I’d rather you didn’t like

c. Don’t say that d. Thanks, I bought it at Macy’s

1. “Give my best wishes to your parents.”
   1. It’s my pleasure b. You’re welcome

c. Thanks, I will d. Good idea, thanks

##### WRITING

**Choose the sentence - a, b, c or d - which is built from the words given.**

1. opinion/ violent films/ not show/ television//
   1. To my opinion, violent films should not be Shown on television.
   2. In my opinion, violent films should not be shown on television.
   3. According to my opinion, violent films should not be shown on the television.
   4. For my opinion, violent films should not be shown on the television.
2. Laser/ device/ concentrate/ light waves/ intense/ beam//
   1. Laser is a device to concentrate light waves into an intense light beam.
   2. The laser is a device concentrating light waves on an intense light beam.
   3. The laser is a device which concentrates light waves into an intense light beam.
   4. A laser is a device which concentrates light waves to an intense light beam.
3. I/ grateful/ kindness/ visit/ your farm/ last summer holiday//
   1. I’m grateful for your kindness when I visited your farm last summer holiday.
   2. I’m grateful with your kindness when I visited your farm last summer holiday.
   3. I’m grateful to your kindness when I have visited your farm last summer holiday
   4. I’m grateful of your kindness to me when I visited your farm last summer holiday.

**TEST 2**

##### PRONUNCIATION

**Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. a. | eradicate | b. astronaut | c. | standard | d. | fatal |
| 2. a. | straight | b. pleasure | c. | celebrate | d. | break |
| 3. a. | future | b. secure | c. | shuttle | d. | contribute |
| 4. a. | unexpected | b. destroyed | c. | declared | d. | improved |
| 5. a. | technique | b. economy | c. | citizen | d. | computer |

1. **Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from that of the others**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 6. | a. | optimistic | b. | unexpected | c. environment | d. | electricity |
| 7. | a. | contribute | b. | confident | c. eternal | d. | eradicate |
| 8. | a. | pessimism | b. | methane | c. government | d. | centenarian |
| 9. | a. | astronaut | b. | technique | c. domestic | d. | incredible |
| 10. | a. | influence | b. | efficient | c. expectancy | d. | responsible |

1. **LANGUAGE FOCUS**
2. **Choose the word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best completes the sentence.**
3. Cars in the future will run electricity or methane gas.
   1. with b. after c. by d. on
4. In the future more people will work from home computers linked a head office.
   1. with - for b. on - to c. in - with d. on – in
5. Computers are bound to have a huge influence various aspects our lives.
   1. on - in b. in - of c. of - to d. on - of
6. According Mick, life is full coincidences.
   1. for - in b. to - with c. of - of d. to - of

15 the children, they were happy enough to spend all day on the beach.

1. As of b. As for c. As to d. As from
2. We hope fatal diseases will be from the world in the future.
   1. transmitted b. eradicated c. erased d. abolished
3. Domestic chores are now no longer a thanks to the inventions of electronic devices.
   1. bound b. weight c. burden d. load
4. The construction of the new road is winning the support of local residents.
   1. thanks to b. reliant on c. dependent on d. responsible to
5. The use of devices in homes, offices, and in factories added to the

amount of leisure time people had.

* 1. labour-saving b. hi-tech c. hand-held d. sophisticated

1. Prices continued to rise while wages remained low the Government became increasingly unpopular.
   1. on condition that b. with the result that

c. provided that d. in order that

1. The workers welcome the new regulations, which become on the first of next month.
   1. effective b. efficient c. influential d. efficacious
2. Many of the jobs which have been created in this area can be directly to tourism.
   1. supported b. dedicated c. contributed d. attributed
3. Mary is so that people tell her all their troubles.
   1. dependent b. confident c. pessimistic d. sympathetic
4. We have a future ahead with little comfort, food or hope.
   1. secure b. pessimistic c. promising d. optimistic
5. Modern perhaps causes more problems than it solves.
   1. technique b. technician c. technical d. technology

##### Choose the word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best completes the sentences.

1. If you want to get away from it all, you can take a small boat to on. one of the islands.
   1. deserted beach b. the deserted beach

c. a deserted beach d. the beach deserted

27 . has changed the way we obtain information more than any other modern invention.

1. The television b. A television c. Television d. The televisions
2. Why did he stubbornly insist it all himself?
   1. doing b. of doing c. for doing d. on doing
3. I have been offered position of Director of Personnel.

a. a – 0 b. the - a c. a - the d, the - 0

30 .UK will contribute 8,000 troops to NATO operation.

a. 0 – the b. The - 0 c. The - the d. 0 - 0

1. “You look upset.” Yes, I’ve had \_.”
   1. the terrible morning b. terrible morning

c. some terrible morning d. a terrible morning

1. in the Brazilian rainforests are now becoming popular with adventurous travelers.
   1. Holiday b. Holidays c. The holiday d. A holiday
2. parents of Paul Thomas claimed that he was at home at the time of

robbery.

* 1. Ø - Ø - the b. The - the - the c. Ø-Ø - a d. The - Ø - the

1. He was incapable passing the exam, but don’t feel sorry him. If he had been keen passing it, he would have studied much.
   1. in - for - on b. of - with - on c. on - for - of d. of - for - on
2. Increasing of fruit in the diet may help to reduce risk of heart disease.
   1. the amount b. an amount c. the number d. a number
3. The government makes grants according to criteria that differ from to
   1. region b. a region c. the region d. regions
4. I didn’t have much success a job.
   1. finding b. in finding c. to find d. on finding
5. Winning a lottery is a rare occurrence. very small.
   1. A number of winners is b. The number of winners is

c. A number of winners are d. The number of winners are

1. I think it’s especially hard to teach children
   1. responsibility b. the responsibilities

c. a responsibility d. the responsibility

1. Earlier in the year, the researchers found , which they determined is over 6 million years old.
   1. a fossil extremely large b. extremely large fossil

c. an extremely large fossil d. a large extremely fossil

##### Identify the one underlined word or phrase - A, B, C or D – that must be changed for the sentence to be correct.

1. Neither Jane nor Sarah explained me why they were so late.

A B C D

1. Robert A. Moog developed an electric device that could be used for play

A B C

synthesized music.

D

1. Ozone layer acts as an umbrella against most of theSun’s dangerous rays.

A B C D

1. According to many students, how to pronounce English is more difficult A B C

than reading it.

D

1. Anne Elizabeth McDowell is best remembered for a weekly journal, Woman’s

A B C

*Advocate,* who she launched in January 1855.

D

##### READING

1. **Choose the word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

What will our future (46) ? Floating cities, flying to work and traveling in cars capable (47) operating underwater? And how will technology advance to make use of our natural (48) to help feed our growing population in (49) areas as food, water and electricity?

The era of smog-filled skies will be over, (50) fewer of us will be driving cars. There will no longer be the use for cars and roads as we’ll be piloting (51) friendly personal vehicles between cities and under the seas. And we will never be (52) again thanks to GPS-driven virtual mapping. Then again, with teleportation we will not need to travel (53) . And, (54) of all, we’ll all have more time to enjoy the astounding advances of our near future, because we’ll all be (55) longer. A lot longer.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 46. a. | look for | b. look like | c. look after | d. look into |
| 47. a. | in | b. at | c. of | d. for |
| 48. a. | causes | b. supplies | c. sources | d. resources |
| 49. a. such | | b. so | c. same | d. as |
| 50. a. | though | b. therefore | c. because | d. while |
| 51. a. | environment | b. environmental | c. environmentally d. environmentalist | |
| 52. a. lost | | b. lose | c. losing | d. loss |
| 53. a. at that | | b. at risk | c. at all | d. at least |
| 54. a. | most | b. best | c. least | d. more |
| 55. a. | surviving | b. living | c. saving | d. going |

1. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answer.

People used to know more or less how their children would live. Now things are changing so quickly that they don’t even know what their own lives will be like in a few years’ time. What follows is not science fiction. It is how experts see the future.

You are daydreaming behind the steering wheel; is it too dangerous? No! That’s no problem because you have it on automatic pilot, and with ***its*** hi-tech computers and cameras, your car “know” how to get you home safe and sound.

What is for lunch? In the old days you used to stop off to buy a hamburger or a pizza. Now you use your diagnostic machine to find out which foods your body needs. If your body needs more vegetables and less fat, your food-preparation machine makes you a salad.

After lunch, you go down the hall to your home office. Here you have everything you need to do your work. Thanks to your information screen and your latest generation computer, you needn't go to the office any more. The information screen shows an urgent message from a co-worker in Brazil. You can instantly send back a reply to him and go on to deal with other matters.

1. The passage mainly discuss about .
   1. what the life is like in the future. b. food that people will eat in the future .

c. the pace of life in the future d. the role of the computer in future life

1. According to the passage, people in the future .
   1. usually have daydreams while driving
   2. won’t need to work for living
   3. will always have a balanced diet for their meals
   4. will be much lazier
2. The word “its” in the second paragraph refers to
   1. the future b. automatic pilot

c. the steering wheel d. the car

1. With the help of high technology, you can .
   1. work and travel quickly
   2. have everything you need to do your work
   3. work at home without going to the office
   4. deal with a lot of matters at the same time
2. Which of the following is NOT true about life in the future?
   1. There’s no need to concentrate much when driving.
   2. Eating is a problem because food contains too much fat.
   3. Getting information is a matter of just a few seconds.
   4. Contacts between people are almost instant.

##### WRITING

**From the words or phrases - a, b, c or d - choose the one that best completes the sentences.**

1. Indiana University, one of the largest in the nation, is located .
   1. a small midwestern town b. in small midwestern town

c. small midwestern town d. in a small midwestern town. 62 . In the atmosphere is the temperature falling below freezing.

a. Frost is produced b. Frost produces

c. What produces frost d. What is frost produced

1. Jack lost his job .
   1. because he never showed up for work on time
   2. therefore he spent his time working hard
   3. although he was not hard-working
   4. as long as he had worked regularly
2. Internet companies rely heavily on income from on-line purchases, but .
   1. traditional companies as well b. traditional companies too

c. also traditional companies d. so do traditional companies

65 . for running a red light, Jane decided it was not in her best interest to argue since she was not wearing her seat belt.

1. The police stopped her b. When stopping by the police

c. Being stopped by the police d. Having been stopped by the police

**ĐÁP ÁN**

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| **UNIT 8** | | | |
| **I.** | 1. Jupiter 2. worse | 3. disease 4. food | 5. ought |
|  | 6. space 7. own | 8. few 9. air | 10. science |
| **II.** | 1. pessimist | 2. terrorist 3.centenarian | 4. Optimist 5. astronaut |
|  | 6. environmentalist | 7. tourist 8. scientist | 9. citizen 10. politician |
| **III.** | 1. eradicated | 2. terrorism 3. pessimistic | 4. optimism 5. depression |
|  | 6. expectancy | 7. eternally 8. efficiency | 9.contribution |
| 10. technology 11. unexpectedly 12. economize 13. materialistic | | | |
| **IV.** | 1. to 2. about | 3. out 4. about | 5. at |
|  | 6. for 7. in 8. in 9. on | | 10. of |
| **V.** | 1. in 2. in | 3. between 4. for-from-to | 5. in — at - in |
|  | 6. in - in - at 7. on | 8. at 9. since | 10. at - on |
|  | 11. in - on 12. on-in | 13. at - in 14. on - on | 15. in - at |
| **VI.** | 1. of | 8. of | 15. for |
|  | 2. about | 9. about/ for | 16. to |
|  | 3. in - to | 10. for | 17. of |
|  | 4. of | 11. with - from | 18. with |
|  | 5. of | 12. with - of | 19. with |
|  | 6. for | 13. for — at | 20. to - to |
|  | 7. on - to | 14. for - for |  |
| **VII*.*** | 1. with - about | 6. for | 11. to - about |
|  | 2. in - from | 7. on - on | 12. about |
|  | 3. to - on | 8. to - for | 13. on |
|  | 4. on | 9. in | 14. on |
|  | 5. of | 10. to | 15. with |
| **VIII** | 1. a - the | 8. a - Ø | 15. the - a |
|  | 2. the - a - the - the | 9. the | 16. Ø-Ø-Ø |
|  | 3.Ø-Ø | 10. The/ A - an - Ø | 17. the - the -a |
|  | 4. a | 11. The/ An - the | 18. a - the - a |
|  | 5. Ø - a - the - the | 12. Ø - a | 19. the - a |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 6. The - Ø | 13. The - the | 20. Ø - Ø |
| 7. A - the | 14. Ø - Ø |  |

**IX.** 1.Ø 2.Ø 3. The 4. the 5.Ø 6. the 7. The 8. the 9. the 10. the

11. the 12. the 13. a 14. Ø 15. A 16. Ø 17. the 18. the 19. A 20. the

21. Ø 22. the 23. Ø 24. the 25. the 26. Ø 27. a

# TEST 1

**I.** 1. d 2. a 3. b 4. c 5. c

1. Ø 29. the 30. a

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| **II.A.** 6. d | 7. b | 8. a | 9. c | 10. b | 11. b 12. c | 13. a | 14. c 15. d |
| **B.** 16. c | 17. b | 18. b | 19. a | 20. a | 21. b 22. d | 23. a | 24. b 25. c 26. b |
| 27. a | 28. d | 29. c | 30. b |  |  |  |  |

**C.** 31. D (of accepting) 32. A (from) 33. B (taking part in)

* 1. D (in) 35. B (the work)

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| **III. A.** 36. airlines | 37. designs | 38. capable | 39. material 40. existing |
| 40. operate | 42. Advantage | 43. buildings |  |
| **B.** 44. F | 45. T | 46. T | 47. T 48. F |

* + 1. a cave or a tunnel.
    2. Moon homes may be made of airtight plastic that can be blown up like a balloon.
    3. Because the moon has no air around it.
    4. Yes, they can.

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| **IV.** | 53. c | 54. b | 55. a | 56. d | 57. c |
| **V.** | 58. b | 59. c | 60. a |  |  |

# TEST 2

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| **I.** A. 1. d 2. b 3. c | 4. a | 5. c |  |  |  |  |  |
| B. 6. c 7. b 8. d | 9. a | 10. a |  |  |  |  |  |
| **II.** A. 11. d 12. b 13. d | 14. d | 15. b | 16. b | 17. c | 18. c | 19. a | 20. b |
| 22. d 23. d 24. c | 25. d |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B. 26. c 27. a 28. d | 29. d | 30. c | 31. d | 32. b | 33. d | 34. d | 35. a |
| 36. a 37. b 38. b | 39. a | 40. c |  |  |  |  |  |
| **III.** C. 41.C(explained to me) 42.C (playing) 43. A (The ozone layer) | | | | | | | |
| 44. B (pronouncing) |  | 45. D (which) | |  |  |  |  |
| **IV.**A. 46. b 47. c 48. d | 49. a | 50. c | 51. c | 52. a | 53. c | 54. b | 55. b |
| B. 56. a 57. c 58. d | 59. c | 60. b |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61. d 62. c 63. a | 64. d | 65. d |  |  |  |  |  |