ĐỀ 1

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I

Môn TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10

Thời gian: 45 phút

			Thời gian: 45 phút					
Mark th	: TRẮC NGHIỆ e letter A, B, C, on (from 1 to 4)	* *	heet to show the under	lined part that needs				
Câu 1:	How many info	rmation <u>did</u> you <u>ask for</u> '	?					
	A	<u> </u>						
Câu 2:	I promise I'll try	to study hardly so that I	can pass the examinatio	n.				
		A B C	D					
Câu 3:	My father always	eats <u>a apple</u> after <u>every</u>	meal in the evening.					
	Ä	B C	D					
Câu 4:	= =	used flood all <u>over</u> the c						
	B	C	D .					
		-	eet to indicate the word the following questions (
Câu 5:	A. disease	B. important	C. villager	D. community				
Câu 6:	A. beside	B. enjoy	C. weather	D. believe				
		_	each unfinished sente					
underlin	ed part, or has a	close meaning to the or	riginal one (from 7 to 21	!)				
		oorn Warsaw						
A. at		B. in / on	C. from / on	D. to / of				
Câu 8:	John:							
A 337	Linda: "I'm a te		TD 3371 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1	1 0				
	hat are you doing	?	B. What do you look li	ke?				
	hat's your name?	· 1. 1	D. What do you do?					
		iculty, heto op	en the door C. could	D avanadad				
	nnaged	B. realized		D. succeded				
A. be		ing to do you gro B. since	ow up? C. when	D. if				
sit		ked a pupil to stand	to answer the questio	n and invited him to				
	/ down	B. up / to	C. down / up	D. to / down				
•		-	the children's love for					
of readir		iry is very helpful ill	the children's love for	books and then habit				
	develop	B. development	C. developed	D. developing				
	•	-	that everybody lik					
	pulation	B. popularly	C. popularity	D. popular				
	- 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

Câu 14: The house was......fire and it took almost three hours to extinguish it.

A. in

B. for

C. at

D. on

Câu 15: Many farmers finds it difficult to <u>make ends meet</u>.

 $\boldsymbol{A.}$ apply new farming methods

B. get plenty of food

C. better their life

D. earn just enough money for living

Câu 16: They tried to find a way of **bettering** their lives.

A. achie	eving F	3. moving	C. improving	D. changing			
Câu 17: J	ane: Sorry, I've g	got to go. Talk to you	later.				
Linda:							
A. Hello	0		B. Goodbye				
C. Sorr	y to hear that		D. How's everything a	at school?			
			for e				
A. crops	•		C. crop cashes	-			
r	_		2r	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cân 10.	He got had moult	his loginos					
A. beca	•	s his laziness 3. because of		D although			
			*	<u>-</u>			
			e the Internet? - Almost				
A. ofter		3. much	C. many	D. long			
		ot belong to agracultur	•				
A. potat		3. wheat	C. coal	D. maize			
			er A, B, C, or D on				
		•	ibered blanks (from 22				
	-		chers give students too	* /			
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	to work at home in their				
		* *	the homework tasks				
	is that students	have to repeat tasks	(25)they	have already done at			
school.							
Câu 22:	A. homework	B. work	C. papers	D. housework			
Câu 23:	A. children	B. the poor	C. the rich	D. the old			
	A. planed	B. plan	C. planning				
	-	B. what	•	D. who			
			theet to indicate the w				
		•	rest in each of the follo				
part is pro 26 to 28)	nouncea aijjeren	iliy jrom inal oj ine r	esi in each of the folia	wing questions (from			
· ·	A abannal	B. rain	C famous	D manan			
	A. channel		C. famous	D. paper			
Câu 27:	A. snow	B. town	C. c <u>o</u> w	D. brown			
Câu 28:	A. nerv <u>ou</u> s	B. danger <u>ou</u> s	C. mountain	D. fam <u>ou</u> s			
•			er A, B, C, or D on	your answer sheet to			
		to each of the questio					
	•	• •	much do you know a	•			
	•		as born in Scotland in 1				
		_	ested in sound. He wan				
	ough a wire. He h	ad a workshop in his	house in America and	did many experiments			
there.		1 1					
	• .	•	riment in his workshop				
-			g into his telephone, Be				
•		* *	" His assistant, Watson				
	•		Bell clearly on his own				
	-	•	word you said!" Wat	~			
-	y succeeded. He	nad invented the first	telephone. Later other	inventors made better			
ones.							
Câu 29:	Where did Bell li						
A. In th	e UK	B. In Scotland	C. In New Zealand	D. In the US			

	ne have an interest in?		
A. clothes	B. liquid	C. sound	D. wire
Câu 31: What did h	e do many experiments for?		
A. to hear his assis	stant's voice.	B. to send sound thro	ugh a wire.
C. to give a reques	st to his assistant	D. to express feelings	through musical
instruments.			
Câu 32: What did	other inventors do later?		
A. made telephone	es worse	B. made telephones b	etter
C. made telephone	es unpopular	D. made telephones u	seless
PHẦN II: TỰ LUẬI	N (2,0 điểm)	_	
Finish each of the se	entences in such a way that	it means exactly the s	ame as the sentence
printed before it.			
1. Study harder or yo	u will get bad marks.		
=> If			
2. Unless he gets up e	early, he will be late for scho	ool.	
=>If			
3. The pupils said, "W	e'll be sitting for our exams	s next Friday."	
=> The pupils	said that		
4. Mr. Nam was succ	cessful in his life although h	e came from a poor fam	ily.
=> In spite of			••••
	HÉ	T	
ĐÈ 2		ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌ	OC KỲ I
		Môn TIẾNG ANH	LÓP 10
		Thời gian: 45 p	hút
	I	0 1	
A. PHẦN TRẮC NO	GHIỆM		
	ten and choose the best ans	wer for each of the follo	owing questions
Câu 1: What is Mr. I			.
A. a bus driver	B. a cyclo driver	C. a taxi driver	D. a truck driver
Câu 2: What time do	es he start work?		
A. at 5:30	B. at 5:00	C. at 6:00	D. at 6:30
Câu 3: Who is his fin	rst passenger?		
A. an old man	B. an old engineer	C. a worker	D. a pupil
Câu 4: Where does A	Mr. Lam drop his first passe	enger?	
A. at a café	B. at a big restaurant	C. at a store	D. at his own
house	_		
House			
II. PHONETICS			
II. PHONETICS	ng A, B, C, or D that is stre	ssed differently from th	at of the others
II. PHONETICS Circle the letter amount	ng A, B, C, or D that is stream B. conversation	ssed differently from th C. geography	at of the others D. information
II. PHONETICS Circle the letter amount	B. conversation		
II. PHONETICS Circle the letter amore Câu 5: A. destination Câu 6: A. technology	B. conversation	C. geographyC. technical	D. informationD. passenger
II. PHONETICS Circle the letter amore Câu 5: A. destination Câu 6: A. technology	B. conversation B. chemistry ng A, B, C, or D that has th	C. geographyC. technical	D. informationD. passenger
II. PHONETICS Circle the letter amode Câu 5: A. destination Câu 6: A. technology Circle the letter amode	B. conversation B. chemistry ng A, B, C, or D that has th	C. geographyC. technical	D. informationD. passenger
II. PHONETICS Circle the letter amore Câu 5: A. destination Câu 6: A. technology Circle the letter amore from that of the other	B. conversation B. chemistry ng A, B, C, or D that has the rs B. nice	C. geography C. technical e underlined part pron	D. information D. passenger ounced differently
II. PHONETICS Circle the letter amount of the Câu 5: A. destination Câu 6: A. technology Circle the letter amount from that of the other Câu 7: A. little	B. conversation B. chemistry ng A, B, C, or D that has the rs B. nice B. demonstration	C. geography C. technical e underlined part pron C. nine	D. information D. passenger ounced differently D. like
II. PHONETICS Circle the letter amore Câu 5: A. destination Câu 6: A. technology Circle the letter amore from that of the othe Câu 7: A. little Câu 8: A. newspaper III. LEXICO - GRA	B. conversation B. chemistry ng A, B, C, or D that has the rs B. nice B. demonstration	C. geography C. technical e underlined part pron C. nine C. information	D. information D. passenger ounced differently D. like D. pagoda

1	Jane said to me. I can neip you with this exercise.						
A. Nam said that he could h	-	e.					
B. Nam said that he can hel	p me with this exercise.						
C. Nam said that he can hel	p me with that exercise.						
D. Nam said that he could h	nelp me with that exercise	2.					
Câu 10: Where is the book	he gav	ve you on your birthday p	arty?				
A. which		C. that					
are correct							
Câu 11: We	to the cinema last ni	ght.					
A. had gone			D. are going				
Câu 12: Choose the best an	aswer that hest responds	to the following situation	1				
Mike: "Where do you live?"			•				
A. I don't care	R Lam 12 years old		D I live in Chuk				
village	D. I am 12 years ord	C. 1 get up at 0.00	D. I live in Chuk				
Câu 13: Will you please sto	on TV	channels?					
A. to changing	P to change	C changing	D change				
Cân 14: Len and Nam	the violin	C. Changing	D. Change				
Câu 14: Lan and Nam A. played	D and playing		D!!!!				
Câu 15: Choose the best d	inswer among A, B, C,	or D that is CLOSEST i	n meaning to the				
underlined phrase	1 1						
Many peasants find it diffic	ult to <u>make ends meet</u> .	7					
A. apply new farming meth		B. better their life					
C. get plenty of food			or living				
Câu 16: He stopped							
A. have		C. to have	D. having				
Câu 17: If you study hard,	you exams.						
A. pass	B. would pass	C. passed	D. will pass				
Câu 18: A	is a film or a radio	o or a television program	giving facts about				
something.							
A. cartoon	B. comedy	C. documentary	D. play				
IV. ERROR IDENTIFICA	ATION						
Circle the best answer amo	ong A, B, C, or D to indic	cate the underlined part th	hat needs				
correction		•					
Câu 19: I have met my wife	e ten years ago.						
A. ago	B. wife	C. have met	D. years				
Câu 20: In spite of it rained			,				
A. the	B. heavily	$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$ stop	D. in spite of				
V. READING		r	~ _F				
1. Read the following pass	age and circle the letter	among A R C or D the	at host fits each of				
the numbers.	age and entire the tener	uniong 11, B, C, or B inc	u vesi jus each oj				
me namoers.	CAMI	PINC					
Camping is an activi		temporarily in the outdo	or Campers (21)				
fishing, hunting, swimmin		- ·	•				
provides physical benefits v							
many people believe that ca		•	ia a campsite, and				
		wildness campsites. This	activity is called				
backpacking (24)							
clothing, and sleeping bag on the back in a bag mentioned (25) backpack.							

Backpacking	is best	suited	for	those	who	are	in	good	physical	condition	as	it	may	require
walking sever	al mile	s.												

Câu 21: A. enter	B. take palce	C. participate in	D. make
Câu 22: A. That	B. This	C. It	D. There
Câu 23: A. consists	B. contains	C. involves	D. includes
Câu 24: A. in spite of	B. because	C. on account of	D. due to
Câu 25: A. ø	B. a	C. an	D. the

2. Read the following passage and circle the letter among A, B, C, or D that best answers each of the following questions.

My name is Seumas McSporran and I am a very busy man. I am 60 years old and I have thirteen jobs. I am a postman, a politician, a fireman, a taxi driver, a school- bus driver, a boatman, an ambulance man, an accountant, a petrol attendant, and an undertaker. Also, I and my wife, Margaret, have a shop and a small hotel.

I live and work on the island of Gigha in the west of Scotland. Only 20 people live there but in summer, 150 tourists come by boat every day.

Every weekday I get up at 6:00 and make breakfast for the hotel guests. At 8.00 I drive the island's children to school. At 9:00 I collect the post from the boat and deliver <u>it</u> to all houses on the island. I also deliver beer to the island's only pub. Then I help Margaret in the shop.

My wife likes being busy, too. We never have holidays and we don't watch television. In the evenings Margaret makes supper and I do the accounts. At 10:00 we have a glass of wine and then we go to bed. Perhaps our life isn't very exciting, but we like it.

Câ	ìu 26:	Mr.	McS	porron	does	all	the	follov	ving	iobs	EXCEPT	

Cad 20. Int. Incoporton does an inc jonoving jobs Excell 1							
A. a farmer	B. a driver	C. a firefighter	D. a mailman				
Câu 27: Gigha is the n	ame of						
A. his wife		B. the shop where	they work				
C. his hotel		D. the island where they live					
Câu 28: Tourists	to the island.						
A. sail	B. fly	C. swim	D. drive				
Câu 29: What does the	word "it" in the third po	aragraph refer to?					
A. the hotel	B. the island	C. the post	D. the boat				
Câu 30: According to the passage which is TRUE about Seumas McSporran?							
A. He likes the jol	b as a postman most.	B. He and his wife	e go on holiday every				
year.							

,	
 Hêt	

D. He goes to bed very late.

Đ Ề 3	ĐỂ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I
	Môn TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10
	Thời gian: 45 phút

PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM

I. PHONETICS (1mark)

Circle the word whose the underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest.

1. a. k i tchen	b. h i story	c. t <u>i</u> me	d. f <u>i</u> nish
2. a. s <u>ou</u> nd	b. w <u>ou</u> ld	c. r <u>ou</u> nd	d. b <u>ou</u> nd
3. a. f <u>i</u> re	b. f i sh	c. rub <u>i</u> sh	d. m <u>i</u> dle
4. a. f <u>u</u> n	b. s <u>u</u> n	c. m <u>o</u> ve	d. st <u>u</u> dy

II. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY (2marks)

C. He does the accounts in the evenings.

a. Choose the best ar	nswer among A, B, C	or D th	at best comple	tes each sentence:			
1. My aunt has ju	ust bought an			cooker.			
A. electric	B. electrical		C. electricity	D. electrician			
2. A	is used to co	py the i	nformation fron	n a computer on to paper.			
A. photocopier	B. printer		C. speaker	D. mouse			
				er people around the world.			
A. to	B. from	C. of		D. with			
4. Do you remen	nber Mrs. Lan,		taught us E	English ?			
A. Who	B. Whom		C. that	D. Which			
5. I've been in the	nis city for a long time.	I	h	ere sixteen years ago.			
A. have come	B. was coming	g	C. came	D. had come			
6. She sings very	У•						
A. good	B. better		C. best	D. well			
b. Identify the mista	kes in the following se	entence	S				
	who occurs in late Jan			7.			
A		•	,				
8. They are twenty t	teachers in our school	1.					
A B	D						
III. LISTENING(1m	nark)						
		once	lived in the con	tinent, but there may have			
	•			twentieth century. People			
				human population			
	=		-	greater threat. In the late			
		_		ephants due to the increase			
	_			bout 500,000 elephants and			
	only some particular co			F			
	B. elephants			D. tigers			
2: A. the	-	•		D. one			
	B. became			D. got			
4: A. into		C. at		D. in			
PHẦN TỰ LUÂN:	D. On	C. at		D. III			
• •	following sentences in	such a	way that it mad	ans as the same as the			
sentence printed before	_	such u	way mai u med	ins as the same as the			
	the prisoners again by	tonight					
	prisoners again by						
-	help me to put the chair			•••••			
•			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••••			
	iced my car last week.						
	e sea because it's too co		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••			
				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
-	art of speech for each						
	logy is very			1 1 . 1 . 6			
	typewriter wl	nich alle	ows you to type	and print any kind of			
	documents. (magic) 3. Hue is famous for itsspots. (beauty)						
			- t- 41. 4	1 / ' '			
			-	n relax your mind. (enjoy)			
III. Kead the following	ig passage and choose	the bes	t answers by ci	rcling a, b, c or d (2marks)			

Suzanne was very nervous about her interview. She had prepared for it for at last three weeks before. She really wanted the job but she knew that a lot of other people wanted to get it, too. She had been told when she phoned the number in the advert that there were so many applicants for it, so she prepare herself. She made notes of what might be asked and of what she wanted to ask.

When the day came, she arrived half an hour early. There were six other people waiting to be interviewed. They all looked much more confident than she did, She began to feel even more nervous. One by one was called. Each of them came out and looked satisfied. Suzanne was the last one to be called into the interview room. She had decided by that time that she had no chance of getting the job, so she felt relaxed as she walked in; she felt that she had nothing to lose.

The three interviewers were all very serious and they didn't seem to be interested in her. She forgot all the answers she had prepared and said the first thing that came into her head. Two days later, she got a letter telling her she had been chosen because she had been the only one who had acted naturally.

1 was Suzanne very nervous abou		
2. Before the interview, what did s	he do?	
3. Did she remember all the answe	• •	
4. Why was Suzanne chosen for the	· ·	
ĐÈ 4	Môn T	ÊM TRA HỌC KỲ I IÉNG ANH LỚP 10 ời gian: 45 phút
 Choose the word or phrase that What makes a computer such a miracle miraculou What's your subject a 	device?. us c. wonder at school?. d. mir	
4. Without the Braille alphabet it w	mates	d. has left
a. the disabled b. the deaf c. the d. the blind	he mute 5. He	in hospital for a week so far.
6. The film when we are a. had begun b. began	c. begun	d. would be
7. We all feel sad the a. because b. because 8. The box for a long y	of c. though	d. begins. d. despite

	www.	thuvienhoclieu.com	
a. hasn't been opened	d	b. hadn't been opene	ed
c. wasn't opened		d. wasn't being open	ned
9. Choose the word v	whose underlined par	rt is pronounced different	tly from the others.
a. f <u>oo</u> tball	b. g <u>oo</u> d	c. b <u>oo</u> t	d. fl <u>oo</u> d
10. Choose the word	whose underlined p	art is pronounced differen	ntly from the others.
a. l <u>a</u> te	b. f <u>a</u> mous	c. m <u>a</u> te	d. f <u>a</u> mily
11. Choose the incor	rect part indicated by	y A, B, C or D in the follo	owing sentence.
I <u>haven't met</u> him <u>sir</u>	nce a long time		
A B C	D		
12. Choose the incor	rect part indicated by	y A, B, C or D in the follo	owing sentence.
A new hospit	al <u>for children</u> <u>has</u>	built in our city	
\mathbf{A}	В	C D	
II. LISTEN: listen t	to the passage and o	choose the correct answ	er to complete the following
passage (1 pt)			
_			ast. They can work with (14)
eve	n more quickly than	a person. Second, compo	uters can work with (15)
•••••••			
	•	-	r s long time. They do not get
_			always correct. They are
not perfect, of course	•		
13. A. helpful	B. useful	C. careful	D. beautiful
		C. communication	
15. A. a lot	B. lots of	C. a lot of	D. much of
16. A. most	. •	C. almost	D. most of
PHẨN B: TỰ LUẬI			
		ropriate form of the wor	
1. The journey to the	•		(interest)
Lan has a very lov	-		(collect)
		read all over the world	
		ch other by telephone or l	
	tences, beginning as	s shown (2 pts) 1. Becau	se the sea was rough, the ferry
couldn't sail.			
2. I'm reading the bo	ok. I bought it in Sy	dney in 1996. (use relativ	/e pronoun)
	4. 4. 4.		
3. They have just bui		•	
(Change this sentenc	e into Passive voice))	
		1 ((1 , 1)	
4. I often ate a lot of	cream when I was a	boy. (use "used to")	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

IV. Read the text and questions below and answer the questions: (2 pts)

Camping holidays are always popular with students and young people – they are a cheap and easy way to see a country. People often travel by train, by coach or on foot, so one thing is important to remember before starting: you can only take with you what you can carry – usually in a rucksack on your back. If you travel with a friend, of course some items can be shared – a tent, a gas stove, food. Other things must be taken by each person – clothes, footwear, a sleeping bag.

So you must be sure of how much you can carry. Most people find 10 kg about right. Much more than that and you need another holiday when you get home! And remember when the weather is wet your rucksack is heavier.

Many people who go camping for the first time take too much and the find they have forgotten the essentials – a tin of beans is no good without a tin opener! But with practice and good advice you can have a fantastic holidays.

\sim	. •	
()	uestions	٠
v	ucsuons	

ar with students and young people?
everything? Why/ Why not?
The end
ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I Môn TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10 Thời gian: 45 phút

	•			
I. Choose the word o	r phrase that best com	nnletes each sentence((3 nts)	
	ole			
	B. at			
2. My father has boug	tht me an	computer.		
	B. electronic		D. electronic	
	rmit you			
• • •	B. going out	_	-	
	i			
	B. was being built		D. has been built	
	nd the man			
	B. whom			
6. We are going on a.		to Vung Tau next v	veek.	
A. two day trip	B. two – days trip	C. two-day trip	D. twoday trip	
	et part indicated by A,			
There would be a lec	ture by Mr. brown nex	kt week.		
$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ $\overline{\mathbf{B}}$	\overline{C}	D		
8. Keep silent! My fat	her in	his room.		
A. is sleeping	B. slept C. has	slept D. sle	eps	
9. Ann's mother	when she came	e home late.		
a. worry	B. worried	C. to be worried	D. worrying	
10	. the rain, we enjoyed	our vacation.	, c	
	B. Despite		D. Even though	
11. Choose the word	whose underlined part	is pronounced differer	ntly from the others.	
A. famil <u>y</u>	B. sk <u>y</u>	C. t <u>v</u> pe	D. clarif <u>y</u>	
12. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.				
A work	B information	C connector	D visitor	

II. LISTEN: listen to the passage and choose the correct answer to cor	nplete the
following passage (1 pt)	
Lan's class is going to (13) a two – day excursion to visit sor	_
Pogoda. They want to see with their own eyes what they have learnt in the	
lesson recently and relax after their hard work, as well. They have planned	_
For Lan the only problem is getting her parents' (16)	=
persuade them so that she will be able to join her classmate on the excursi	on.
13. A go on B. come on C. go for D. come for	
14. A. biology B. technology C. geography D. photography	7
15. A. usefully B. carefully C. rarely D. quickly	
16. A. permission B. mission C. fashion D. religion	
PHẦN B: TỰ LUẬN (6 điểm)	
I. Complete the sentences with an appropriate form of the words in br	ackets. (2 pts)
1. The show broughtto millions of viewers.	(enjoy)
2. Most of the have lived here all their lives.	(village)
3. English spelling presents special for foreign learners.	(difficult)
4. The next stage in theof television is interactive TV.	(develop) II.
Rewrite each sentences, beginning as shown (2 pts) 1. " I saw her in the	e park two days ago"
said he.	
He said	
2. Hurry up or you'll be late for school.	
If	
3. She has just made this dress	
His dress	
4. Let's go to the cinema tonight.	
He suggested	
III. Read the text and questions below and answer the questions: (2 pts)	
THE NEWS MEDIA	
News media are the means or methods by which people learn what	
city, in the country, and in the world. The news media can be classified int	o two general
categories of print media and electronic media.	
Print media use the written material to communicate news to reade	
use radio waves to send news into magazines and newspapers. Most newsp	
daily. For example, the newspapers "The New York Time" is published we	-
and Times magazines are published once a week. The electronic media are	•
radio and television. Radio news is the one that you listen to. In the United	
stations broadcast five minutes of news every hour Television news is the	•
listen to but also watch it. In Canada and the United States, for example, m	* * *
hour of news on TV at six o'clock in the evening. In the future new catego	
will develop. Even today computers are beginning to influence the transmi	ssion and reception
of news.	
1. What does new media help people to do?	
2. How many groups can the media be arranged? What are they?	
2. How many minutes per hour is the nave breedessted in the United St	
3. How many minutes per hour is the news broadcasted in the United St	aics!
4. Are the computers beginning to influence the transmission and recepti	on of news?

	www.	tnuviennociieu.com	
		The end	
ĐÈ 6		ĐỀ KIỆM TỊ	RA HỌC KỲ I
DE 0		Môn TIẾNG	The state of the s
			2: 45 phút
		Thoi gian	+3 рниг
I. Choose the word	d or phrase that best		
completes each sen	tence(3 pts)		
	=	retarded children in the a	rea.
_	_	C. taking notice	D. watching
		re wasn't at the party.	
A. who	B. whom	C. which	D. whose
2 Information tools	- 1- ov. is v.o	to our lives	
	nology is very	C. useful	D woofuller
A. use	B. useless		D. usefully
*	•	• • •	d print any kind of document.
V 1	B. machine		D. data
_	ard to yo		D. racciva
	B. receiving		D. receive
	Dalat several time B. have been		D. would as
		•	D. would go
A. with	•	our picnic?	D. about
		es to climb the mountain	
	B. her age		D. her old age
	next exam		D. hasawaa
A. unless	B. if	C. even if	D. because
	=	art is pronounced differen	
A. phone	B. together	C. provide	D. collect
	_	art is pronounced differen	-
A. want <u>ed</u>	B. wash <u>ed</u>	C. watch <u>ed</u>	D. look <u>ed</u>
		y A, B, C or D in the follo	owing sentence.
	ge <u>getting</u> here <u>so</u> qui	ickiy/	
A B	· 2	haasa tha samuat answ	on to complete the following
	to the passage and t	moose the correct answ	er to complete the following
passage (1 pt)	(12) in many v	vova Finat thay and fact '	They can went with (14)
•	` '	•	They can work with (14)
ev	en more quickly man	a person. Second, compu	iters can work with (13)
	ame time. Third, they	can keen information for	s long time. They do not get
	-	<u> </u>	always correct. They are
	se but they usually do		arways correct. They are
13. A. helpful	B. useful	C. careful	D. beautiful
14. A. formation	B. information	C. communication	D. education
15. A. a lot	B. lots of	C. a lot of	D. much of
13. A. a 10t	D. IOIS OI	C. a 10t 01	D. IIIUCII UI

16. A. most B. mostly	C. almost	D. most of			
PHẦN B: TỰ LUẬN (6 điểm)					
I. Complete the sentences with a	n appropriate form of	the words in brackets. (2 pts)			
1. What makes a computer such a	device?	(miracle)			
2. My father has bought me an	computer.	(electric)			
3. Information technology is very		(use)			
4. A computer is atyl	pewriter which allows yo	u to type and			
print any kind of documents.		(magic)			
II. Rewrite each sentences, begin					
pts) 1. If you don't get up early, y	ou'll be late for				
school.					
Unless					
2. Going to the countryside is very					
It is		····			
3. Tom said to me "you must go o					
Tom told		••			
4. My sister couldn't go for a picn					
Because of					
III. READING: Read the pass					
-		e pleasant to live in. Many people			
think so, and go to the country for	•	•			
•	ouild in a village so that t	hey can go there whenever they can			
find the time.					
English villages are not all ali	ke, but in some ways the	y are not very different from one			
another. Almost every village has	a church, the round or so	quare tower of which can be seen			
from many miles around. Surrounding the church is the churchyard, there people are buried.					
The village green is a wide str	etch of grass, and houses	or cottages are built round it			
	_	ave water brought through pipes int	·0		
		s that people can go there to buy wh			
they can't find in the village shops		s that people can go there to buy wh	aı		
1. When do city people often go	the country?				
2. What is the advantage of city	2. What is the advantage of city people when they have a cottage built in the village?				
3. What is the common feature of English villages?					
4. What can villages do when th	eir villages are close to s	mall towns?			
	Th	e end			
					
₽ Å =	nà ···	ŜM (PD) TIO C VIVI			
ĐÈ 7		ÊM TRA HỌC KỲ I			
		IÉNG ANH LỚP 10			
	Th	ời gian: 45 phút			

	- · ·	ri A, hoặc B, C, D) đề hoàn	thành câu sau:
I want everybo	dy to listen		
A. careless	B. carefully	C. careful	D. care
Câu 2: Chọn từ có p	hần gạch dưới có cách	phát âm khác với những từ	r còn lại:
A. attracted	B. develop <u>ed</u>	C. want <u>ed</u>	D. add <u>ed</u>
Câu 3: Chọn từ / cụn	n từ thích hợp (ứng vớ	ới A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn	thành câu sau:
The film	by the time we	to the cinema.	
A. had already sta	arted/got	B. already started	had gotten
C. had already sta	arted/had gotten	D. already started	/gotten
		ới A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn	thành câu sau:
	in Vietnam.		
A. used to live	B. lived	C. used to living	D. use to live
		ới A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn	
		hair for the	
A. unemployed			D. poor
* *			•
		phát âm khác với những từ	
A. f <u>u</u> n	B. comp <u>u</u> ter	C. h <u>u</u> sband	D. b <u>u</u> s
•	•	phát âm khác với những từ	
A. aftern <u>oo</u> n	B. l <u>oo</u> k	C. c <u>oo</u> k	D. f <u>oo</u> t
		cần phải sửa để câu trở thài	
Because the bad v	veather, we can't go to	the cinema with our <u>frience</u>	<u>ls.</u>
$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{B}$	\mathbf{C}	D	
Câu 9: Chọn từ / cụr	n từ thích hợp (ứng vớ	vi A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn	thành câu sau:
The government	nt is doing something	to help	
A. the poor person	n B. the poors	C. the poor one	D. the poor
Câu 10: Chọn từ / cụ	ım từ thích hợp (ứng v	với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoà	n thành câu sau:
	to the library.		
A. to go	_	C. went	D. going
•	C	n cần phải sửa để câu trở th	0 0
	s <u>illness</u> , he goes to sc	_	
A F		D	
		với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoà	n thành câu sau:
			in thaini caa saa.
A. with	playing bad B. in	C. at	D. on
		với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoà	
	1 , 0		
	•	nakes it difficult to contact l	
A. that	B. what	C. which	D. who
		với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoà	
		e to my night class, are very	=
A. whose	B. whom	C. who	D. which
Câu 15: Chọn từ / cụ	ım từ thích hợp (ứng v	với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoà	n thành câu sau:
She1	ike cakes when she wa	as young.	
A. would	B. must	C. could	D. used to
u 16: Chọn từ / cụm t	từ thích hợp (ứng với .	A, hoặc B , C , D) để hoàn th	nành câu sau:
He is tired	he stayed up 1	ate watching TV.	
A. because	B. but	C. so	D. and
		νới Α. hoặc Β. C. D) để hoà	

www.thuvienhoclieu.com He decided not to become a professional..... **B.** photographer **A.** photograph **C.** photography **D.** photographic Câu 18: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau: A clock is an instrument.....tell you the time. **A.** whose **B.** whom **D.** who Câu 19: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau: Jane is always determined to do anything she wants. She's a woman. **B.** strong-willed C. brilliant **A.** humane Câu 20: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau: Would you like.....some where for a drink? **B.** to going C. going **D.** to go Câu 21: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau: They are excellent students. have complete confidence. **A.** that **B.** whom C. which **D.** whose Câu 22: Xác định từ / cụm từ có gạch chân cần phải sửa để câu trở thành chính She <u>advised me</u> <u>study hard</u> to pass the examination. A B C D Câu 23: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau: I feel terrible. I think I..... sick. **A.** will be B. am **C.** am going to be **D.** am going be Câu 24: Chọn từ có phần gạch dưới có cách phát âm khác với những từ còn lại: C. meat B. deaf A. teacher Câu 25: Xác định từ / cụm từ có gạch chân cần phải sửa để câu trở thành chính He told me that he is enjoying his new class then. xác: A B \mathbf{C} D Câu 26: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau: "I'm taking my English test tomorrow. "Tom said. Tom said..... **A.** I was taking his English test tomorrow **B.** he is taking his English test the next day C. he was taking his English test the next day D. he was taking the English test tomorrow **Câu 27:** Xác định từ / cum từ có gach chân cần phải sửa để câu trở thành chính Daisy always is a hard-working student. xác: R Câu 28: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau: does he want to study English? - Because it is an international language. A. Who **B.** How C. What **D.** Why Câu 29: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau:do you study? - I study at Huong Vinh highschool.

A. is building B. was built C. built D. has been built. Doc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) từ câu 36 đến câu 40 để điền vào chỗ trống:

The invention of computer makes job outdated. It plays an important part (31).....our

Câu 30: Chọn từ / cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành câu sau:

C. Where

B. Who

This house. since 1980.

A. When

The invention of computer makes job outdated. It plays an important part (31)......our life. For example, typists are (32).....by people who can use a computer to word process documents. Some routines jobs are replaced by (33).....machines controlled computers.

D. How

Some (34)..... jobs are replaced by machines making the work much safer. Thanks to computers, many new jobs appear. New skills are needed to use the computer (35)...... and hardware. Computer (36)...... write the instructions to make the computer (37)...... Engineers to build the automatic machines are (38)...... Some people may work less hours as a result (39)...... automation and the introduction of information (40)...... into the work place. Câu 31: A. with C. of D. for **B.** in Câu 32: A. taken place **B.** played against C. placed D. replaced Câu 33: A. automatic **B.** automatically **C.** automatical **D.** automation Câu 34: A. funny **B.** dangerous **C.** interesting **D.** exciting Câu 35: A. softy ware **B.** safety ware **C.** softly ware **D.** soft ware Câu 36: A. users **B.** programmers **C.** repairers **D.** writers C. work **D.** worked

Câu 37: A. to workB. workingC. workD. workedCâu 38: A. needB. needsC. to needD. needed

Câu 39: A. in **B.** on **C.** of **D.** to

Câu 40: A. technology B. technological C. technique D. technical

----- HÉT -----

ĐÈ 8	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I
	Môn TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10
	Thời gian: 45 phút

I. Choose the best answer:

1. I		a letter when the light	
out.			
a. wrote- went	b. writing-went	c. was writing-w	ent d. was writing-was
going			
2. Pick out the wor	d that has the underline	ned part pronounced differ	rently from the rest.
a. <u>wa</u> rn	b. <u>a</u> rt	c. <u>ar</u> m	d. <u>ha</u> rm
3	his	s poor family, she studies v	very well.
a. Although	b. In spite of	c. Because	d. Because of
4. Many interesting	g films	on '	T. V recently.
a. have shown	b. showed	c. have been shown	d. are shown
5. Nam is the farm	er	land I be	ought.
a. who	b. whose	c. whom	d. that
6. Pick out the wor	d that has the stress d	lifferent from the rest.	
a. documentary	b. education	c. imitation	d. performance
7. By the time you		the gift, your brother	
in			
Hanoi.			
a. received-arrived	l rived	b. had received-arriv	ed
c. received-had arr	rived	d. had received-had	arrived
8. If I			to see
my grandfather.		·	

www.thuvienhoclieu.com a. have-will come b. had-will come c. will have-come d. have-come 9. Pick out the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest. b. a**ro**und c. **bo**und d. **ho**use a. **co**at 10. Tom. fifteen years old the following week. c. told-would be a. told-will be b. said-would be d. said-is 11. Which needs correcting? (A) Sheep have (B) been (C) domesticating for over 5.000 (D) years c. looking a. look b. looked 13. -I called you last night but you. answer? - What. at that time? a. not - do you do b. didn't - did you do c. didn't - were you doing d. don't - did you do 14. Pick out the word that has the stress different from the rest. c. provide a. custom b. accept d. polite 15. Which needs correcting? Linda said to me(a) that she saw(b) me at Phu Xuan bookstore(c) the day before(d) 16. After the water worker went on strike there was a. of water. a. loss b. shortage c. decrease d. cash crop 17. David helped me clean up,.... is very kind of him. a. which b. that d. whom c. who 18. Which needs correcting? He decided buying(a) the shoes which(b) he tried on(c) yesterday(d). 19. My class decided to go on a(n). because we wanted to relax after work. a. destination b. formation c. excursion d. permission 20. Choose the best answer that can be made from the cues given. TV / positive / negative / effects / TV viewers. a. TV has either positive or negative effects on TV viewers. b. TV has neither positive nor negative effects on TV viewers. c. TV has no positive and negative effects on TV viewers. d. TV has both positive and negative effects on TV viewers. Choose the best answer that can be made from the cues given. II. Read the passage below and decide which answer(A,B,C or D) that best fits each gap. The Braille code system is a system of writing(21)..... by and for people

21. a. talked	b. used	c. written	d. read
22. a. who	b. whom	c. whose	d. which
23. a. got	b. lost	c. had d. took	

23. a. got b. lost c. had d. took

24. a. thing b. work c. result d. job

meaning: 1. They have built	t a new market in my village.
2. "I have just met my old teach John said to Maria that	ner" John said to Maria
3. Despite the hot weather, we define Although	enjoyed our journey all day.
	bel Prize. He discovered a new planet.
More and more often, the term a typical village, however, ev kinds of problems. How can people? Technological changes Technologically, the greatest celectronic circuit on a tiny chip These forms of high-tech concountry to country, making penew ways. Through the Intercarry on electronic conservation transmitted by satellite, we are What will happen as we certainly the development of the	we move into the twenty-first century and beyond? Almost the global village will continue. Not only is this possible, but if faces — for example, pollution, population growth, and make it necessary. global village mean? ough the Internet?
phrase 1. This river is <u>1 km lo</u>	ng.
2. I often play football every m	norning.
ĐÈ 9	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I
	Môn TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10
	Thời gian: 45 phút

PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM I. PHONETICS (1mark)

Circle the word whose the	underlined par	t is pronounced differ	ently from the rest.	
1. A. s <u>i</u> x	B. n <u>i</u> ne	C. <u>e</u> leven	D. f <u>i</u> x	
2. A. <u>th</u>at	B. <u>th</u> ing	C. <u>th</u> ose	D. <u>th</u> is	
3. A. r <u>ea</u> dy	B. m <u>ea</u> t	C. def <u>ea</u> t	D. b <u>ea</u> t	
4. A. k <u>i</u> tchen	B. h <u>i</u> story	C. t <u>i</u> me	D. f <u>i</u>nish	
II. GRAMMAR AND VOO	CABULARY (2	2marks)		
a. Choose the best answer	r among A, B,	C or D that best comp	pletes each sentence:	
1. John is always late fo		•	s the teacher.	
A. which	B. this	C. what	D. that	
2. Now I don't go to sch	nool on foot as I	[
A. had been	B. did	C. used to	D. was	
3. Without the Braille A	-	-		
A. the disabled	B. the deaf	C. the mute	D. the blind 4.	
Thuy's class is different.		other classes be	cause the children are	
disabled.				
A. on	B. from	C. in	D. at	
5. He is tired now	•	-		
A. because	B. so	C. but	D. and	
6. There isapple				
A. an/ a		C. an/ some	D. a/ any	
b. Identify the mistakes i	`			
7. How much students are the	•			
	_	D		
8. The class was cancelled		-	dents	
A B	C	D		
III.LISTENING (1mark)				
Choose the correct option to		_		
			of1most beautiful and	
ancient architectural structure				
left3 of the Huong Rive				
the prediction of a fairy lady	so it was nam	ed Thien Mu, which n	neans "A fairy lady from th	e
heaven"	D 2.1			
1: A. the B. an C. a				
2: A. laid B. situated	-	TO 1 1		
3: A. soil B. field		D. bank		
4: A. in B. to C. with	D. for			
PHẦN TỰ LUẬN:	, .	J . J . J		
I. Finish each of the following	•	such a way that it me	ans as the same as the	
sentence printed before it. (2				
1. He could repair the broken				
The			•••••	
Although he had a good salar	•			
2. In spite			•••••	
3. "Would you like to come r				
He			•••••	
4. Would you like me to call				
I'll call				

II. Give the correct	part of speech _,	for each sentence. (2m	arks).	
1. Your	_must be typed	into 3 copies to hand in	n for ou	r company. (apply)
2. Well, I think that	the prices in Do	ong Thap supermarket	are	(reason)
3. This company off	ered a lot of	jobs. (attract)		
4. The of the	he moon for the	e earth causes tides. (att	ract)	
III. Read the follow	ing passage an	nd choose the best answ	vers by	circling a, b, c or d (2marks).
England is not a lar	ge country. No	town in England is ver	y far fr	om the sea, and many English
families spend their	Summer holida	ays at the seaside. There	e are no	high mountains in England,
no very long rivers a	and no very larg	ge forests.		
	_	d. No town is very far f		_
•		•		Spring and Summer, the
	_	nt green or dark green,	and the	gardens are green, red, blue,
yellow, and white w				
1. Is England a large	•			
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••
2. Where do many F	English families	spend their Summer h	olidavs	9
<u> </u>	•	•	-	
•••				
3. Are there high mo	ountains, long r	ivers and large forests	in Engl	and?
4. What is the English	sh countryside	like?		
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
•••				
ĐÈ 10		DÈ VI	ÊMT	RA HỌC KỲ I
DE IO				ANH LỚP 10
		<i>TV</i>	iời gia	n: 45 phút
PHÂN TRẮC NGI	•			
I. PHONETICS (1)	*	7. 7	1 1.0	
		lined part is pronound		
	B. w <u>ou</u> ld	· —		D. cl <u>ou</u> d
1. A. w <u>or</u> k	B. t <u>er</u> m		D. <u>ea</u>	
	B. f <u>a</u> mous	C. <u>a</u> round	ъс	D. m <u>a</u> ke
4. A. w <u>or</u> d	B. w <u>or</u> ld	C. w <u>or</u> k	D. 1	<u>or</u>
II. GRAMMAR Al		· · ·	-4	alatas as ab samtamas.
		g A, B, C or D that bes	_	•
of that.	Minn tomorrov	V. 1		him
	D. married	C will mamin	. d	D. rominded
A. have reminded		C. will remin		
		C. were bein		
			_	9
•				e army from 1980 to 1983
A. is serving	b . serves	C. served	ט. na	as served

			ennocheu.co	
				TV every evening
				D. has watched
				school
A. was leaving	B. left	(C. had left	6 . Is there a shower in your
? Yes	, there is. D. v	vas left		
A. bathroom B	. sitting-room	C. bedro	om	D. kitchen
b. Identify th	e mistakes in the	following	sentences	
7. There are ten	watchs in the b	OOX.		
		D		
8. What is you	r classroom ? <u>It</u> i	s in front of	the library.	
A B		C Γ	•	
III. LISTENING	G(1mark)			
		We went t	o Greece of t	three weeks. We flew to Athens and
_	•			le hotel on the 2 It was
	•		•	hotel restaurant every night and we
				sport-swimming, wind surfing and
•		•		llage and we both had lessons. The
-		_		arry containers of air on our backs.
	B. summer	=	~ .	
•				
	B. radio	(. newspaper	D. internet
	B. far		C. next to	
4: A. a	3. an	C. the		D. one
sentence printed	the following set before it. (2mark		uch a way th	at it means as the same as the
1. I bought a boo				
•				
2. I often get up	early.			
I am used				
3. When did you	star working here	?		
How long			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
4. She said to us				
She told				
	ect part of speech			
1. Our company	believes it is the b	est to ha	andle the acco	ount (organize)
2. I felt quite	with my	day's work	k. (satisfy)	
	d, I enjoy listening			. (relax)
				ne or letter. (communicate) III. Read
				ircling a, b, c or d (2marks).
	_		-	ad a small business. He made shoes
				in the store even when he was very
•			-	g some leather. Suddenly, the knife
•	im in the eyes. He	•	_	•
	~			stitute for the blind in Paris. One
	•			the army. One thing was very

interesting for Louis. It showed message in code. Armies send messages in secret codes so no one else can read them. The captain wrote this code in raised letters on very thick papers. . .

www.thuvienhoclieu.com 1. When was Louis Braille born? 2. What did his father's business make? 3. Why did he become blind? 4. In what year did he enter the National Institute?

ĐÁP ÁN

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 1

Câu	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ÐA	A	В	В	D	С	С	В	D	A	С
Câu	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
ÐA	A	D	D	D	D	С	В	D	В	A
Câu	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
ÐA	С	A	A	В	С	A	A	C	D	С
Câu	31	32								
ĐA	В	В								

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 2

A. PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM (6 ĐIỂM)

Câu	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Đáp	В	C	A	A	C	A	A	D	D	D	C	D	C	C	D
án															
Câu	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Đáp	C	D	C	C	D	C	C	C	В	В	D	D	A	C	В
án															

B. PHẦN TỰ LUẬN (2 ĐIỂM)

Câu	Đáp án	Điểm
31	The boys said that they would go to the circus that night.	0.2
32	Lan said to Nam that she was a student.	0.2
33	He was sitting on a chair that / which was comfortable.	0.2
34	The minister is going to make a speech that / which he prepared for very carefully.	0.2
35	Because of the bad weather, people can't go out to work.	0.2
36	Although it rained heavily, they didn't stop the football match.	0.2
37	Mr. Brown was born on November 11 th , 1969 in Boston.	0.2
38	He went to Kensington High School and passed exams in English, French and Mathematics.	0.2
39	He worked as a tourist guide from June 1991 to December 1998.	0.2
40	He likes music and dancing.	0.2

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 3

PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM.

I. (1điểm).

1. C, 2. B, 3. A,

4. C II

(2điểm).

1. A, 2. B, 3. D, 4. A, 5. C, 6. D 7. B □Which, 8.

A (There III. (1điểm). 1. B, 2. A, 3. A, 4. D

PHẦN TỰ LUẬN.

I. (2 điểm).

- 1. All the prisoners will be caught again tonight.
- 2. Do you mind helping me to put the chair away?
- 3. My car was serviced by the mechanic last week.
- 4. The sea is not warm enough for me to swim in.
- II. (2 điểm).
 - 1. useful
 - 2. magical
 - 3. beautiful
 - 4. enjoyable III (2 điểm).
 - 1. Yes, she was
 - 2. She made notes of what she might be asked and of what she wanted to ask.

- 3. No, she did not
- 4. Because she had been one who acted naturally.

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 4

PHẦN A: TRẮC NGHIỆM (4 điểm)

I. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence(3 pts)

- 1. a. miraculous
- 2. a. favorite 3. b. had left.
- 4. d. the blind
- 5. b. has been
- 6. a. had begun
- 7. b. because of
- 8. a. hasn't been opened
- 9. d. flood
- 10. d. family
- 11. c. since $(\rightarrow for)$
- 12. c. has built (has been built)

II. LISTEN: listen to the passage and choose the correct answer to complete the following passage

Computers are (13) helpful in many ways. First, they are fast. They can work with (14) information even more quickly than a person. Second, computers can work with (15) a lot of information at the same time. Third, they can keep information for a long time. They do not get thing the common people do. Also, computers are (16) almost always correct. They are not perfect, of course but they usually do not make mistakes.

PHẨN B: TƯ LUÂN (6 điểm)

I. Complete the sentences with an appropriate form of the words in brackets. (2 pts)

- 1. interesting.
- 2. collection
- 3. widely
- 4. communication

II. Rewrite each sentences, beginning as shown (2 pts)

- 1. Because of the rough sea, the ferry couldn't sail.
- 2. I'm reading the book which/ that I bought in Sydney in 1996.
- 3. A new school has just been built near my house.
- 4. I used to eat a lot of creamed when I was a boy

IV. Read the text and questions below and answer the questions: (2 pts)

- 1. Because they are a cheap and easy way to see a country
- 2. By train, by coach or on foot
- 3. No. If they travel with a friend, some items can be shared.
- 4. They should take with them only what they can carry in a rucksack and their luggage must not be too heavy.

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 5

PHẦN A: TRẮC NGHIỆM (4 điểm)

I. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence(3 pts)

- 1. C. of
- 2. D. electronic
- 3. A. to go out

www.thuvienhoclieu.com 4. D. has been built 5. C. who 6. C. two-day trip 7. A. would be will be) 8. A. is sleeping 9. B. worried 10. B. Despite 11. D. clarify 12. B. information II. LISTEN: listen to the passage and choose the correct answer to complete the following passage (1 pt) Lan's class is going to (13) A. go on a two – day excursion to visit some caves near Huong Pogoda. They want to see with their own eyes what they have learnt in their (14) C. **geography** lesson recently and relax after their hard work, as well. They have planned their trip (15) **B. carefully**. For Lan the only problem is getting her parents' (16) **A. permission**. She will try to persuade them so that she will be able to join her classmate on the excursion. PHÂN B: TỰ LUẬN (6 điểm) I. Complete the sentences with an appropriate form of the words in brackets. (2 pts) 1. The show brought **enjoyment** to millions of viewers. (enjoy) 2. Most of the **villagers** have lived here all their lives. (village) 3. English spelling presents special **difficulty** for foreign learners. (difficult) 4. The next stage in the **development** of television is interactive TV. (**develop**) II. Rewrite each sentences, beginning as shown (2 pts) He said he had seen her in the park two days before. 2. If you don't hurry, you'll be late for school. 3. His dress has just been made. He suggested going to the cinema tonight. 4. III. Read the text and questions below and answer the questions: (2 pts) 1. - It helps people to learn what is happening in the city, in the country, and in the world. 2. - Two. They are print media and electronic media 3. - Five minutes 4. - Yes, they are. ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 6 PHẦN A: TRẮC NGHIỆM (4 điểm) I. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence (3 pts) 1. Her job is of mentally retarded children in the area. A. looking B. taking care C. taking notice D. watching 2. The man I had seen before wasn't at the party. A. who B. whom C. which D. whose

3. Information technology is very to our lives. B. useless C. useful D. usefully 4. A computer is a magical which allows you to type and print any kind of document. C. detail A. typewriter B. machine D. data 5. I'm looking forward to your later. A. to receive B. receiving C. received D. receive 6. We Dalat several times. It's a foggy city. C. were being A. were B. have been D. would go

7. Have you found any	ywhere suitable	our picnic?	
A. with	B. of	C. for	D. about
8. In spite of	, the woman tries	to climb the mountain	very often.
A. old age	B. her age	C. her age old	D. her old age
9. You will fail the ne	xt exam	you study hard.	
A. unless	B. if	C. even if	D. because
10. Choose the word v	whose underlined part	is pronounced differen	tly from the others.
A. phone	B. together	C. pr <u>o</u> vide	D. collect
11. Choose the word v	whose underlined part	is pronounced differen	tly from the others.
	B. wash <u>ed</u>	C. watch ed	D. look <u>ed</u>
12. Choose the incorre	ect part indicated by A	A, B, C or D in the follo	wing sentence.
How did you manage	getting here so quickl	y ?	
A B	C D		
II. LISTEN: listen to	the passage and cho	ose the correct answe	r to complete the
following passage (1	pt)		
Computers are (13) h	elpful in many ways.	First, they are fast. The	ey can work with (14)
information even mo	re quickly than a perso	on. Second, computers	can work with (15) a
		•	ion for a long time. They
0 0		o, computers are (16) a	
*	_	ally do not make mistal	kes.
PHẦN B: TỰ LUẬN	(6 điểm)		
-		riate form of the word	ds in brackets. (2 pts)
-	puter such a <u>miraculo</u>		
	ht me an <u>electronic</u> co	-	
		to our lives. (us	
		writer which allows yo	ou to type and print any
kind of documents.			
	ences, beginning as sh	•	
	et up early, you'll be la	ate for	
school.			
2. It is interesting to g	·		
3. Tom told me I had to	•		
	ness, my sister couldn		
		en answer the followin	g questions: (2 pts)
• •	ple often go the country	ry?	
\rightarrow for the summer	<u> </u>		
		nen they have a cottage	
	_	an find the time 3. Wh	at is the common
feature of English	•		1.1 1 6
-		or square tower of w	hich can be seen from
many miles around		a ana alaga (11 (
_	•	s are close to small tow	
→ peopie can go th	iere to buy what they	can't find in the villa	ge snops.

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 7

Câu hỏi	
1	В
2	В

A D C B A A	
C B A A	
B A A	
A A	
A	
_	
D	
D	
A	
В	
C	
C	
D	
A	
В	
C	
В	
D	
A	
C	
C	
В	
В	
C	
A	
D	
C	
D	
В	
D	
A	
В	
D	
В	
C	
D	
C	
A	

I. Choose the best answer:

- 1. c. was writing-went
- 2. a. warn
- 3. b. In spite of
- 4. c. have been shown
- 5. b. whose
- 6. d. performance
- 7. c. received-had arrived
- 8. a. have-will come
- 9. a. coat
- 10. c. told-would be
- 11. c domesticating
- 12. a. look
- 13. c. didn't were you doing
- 14. a. custom
- 15. b saw
- 16. b. shortage
- 17. a. which
- 18. a. buying
- 19. c. excursion
- 20. d. TV has both positive and negative effects on TV viewers.
- 21. b. used
- 22. a. who
- 23. b. lost
- 24. c. result

III. Rewrite the sentences beginning with the given words without changing the meaning; 1. They have built a new market in my village. A new market has been built in my village.

- 2. "I have just met my old teacher" John said to Maria John said to Maria that he had just met his old teacher.
- 3. Despite the hot weather, we enjoyed our journey all day.

Although the weather was hot, we enjoyed our journey all day.

4. The scientist has won a Nobel Prize. He discovered a new planet. The scientist who discovered a new planet has won a Nobel Prize IV. Read the text carefully, then answer the

questions below.

Questions:

1. What does the term *global village* mean?

The term *global village* is used to describe the world and its **people** 2. What can we do through the Internet?

Through the Internet, we can get information from computers anywhere and carry on electronic conversations with people everywhere V. Make questions for underlined word or phrase 1. This river is 1 km long. . . . How long is this river?

2. I often play football every morning. What do you often do every morning?

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 9

I. (1 điểm).

1B, 2B, 3A, 4C.

II. (2 điểm).

1A, 2C, 3D, 4B, 5A, 6A, 7A (MANY, 8 C (BECAUSE.

III. (1 điểm).

1A, 2B, 3D, 4B.

PHẦN TỰ LUẬN.

I. (2 điểm).

- 1. The broken vase could be repaired.
- 2. In spite of good salary, he was unhappy in his job.
- 3. He invited me to come round for a drink.
- 4. I'll call the police if you like. II. (2 điểm).
- 1. APPLICATION.
- 2. REASONABLE.
- 3. ATTRACTIVE.
- 4. ATTRACTION.

III (2 điểm).

- 1. NO, IT IS NOT.
- 2. AT THE SEASIDE.
- 3. NO, THERE ARE NOT.
- 4. A CARPET OF MANY COLORS.

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 10

PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM.

I. (1điểm).

1. B, 2. C, 3. C,

4. D II

(2điểm).

1. C, 2. A, 3. D, 4. A, 5. B, 6. A, 7. C (WHATCHES, 8. A \square

WHERE

III. (1điểm).

1. A, 2. D, 3. A, 4. A

PHẦN TỰ LUẬN.

I. (2 điểm).

- 1. I bought James s book.
- 2. I am used to getting up early.
- 3. How long have you been working here?
- 4. She told us not to be late. II. (2 điểm).
 - 1. organization
 - 2. satisfied
 - 3. relaxing
 - 4. communication

III (2 điểm).

- 1. in 1809
- 2. His father's business made shoses and other things from leather.
- 3. Because the knife slipped and hit him in the eyes
- 4. in 1819